Printed Pages: 3

NCS-503

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to b	e filled in your
Answer Books)	
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Paper ID: 2012277

Roll No.	
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B.TECH.

Regular Theory Examination (Odd Sem - V), 2016-17

PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

SECTION-A

- 1. Attempt all parts. All parts carry equal marks. Write answer of each part in short. $(10\times2=20)$
 - a) Write any four important uses of programming languages.
 - b) Compare the weakest precondition of the following assignment a = 2 * (b-1) 1 (a > 0).
 - c) What are the advantages of inheritance?
 - d) Mention the component of referencing environment.
 - e) What is an imperative language?
 - f) Define encapsulation. With suitable example.
 - g) Differentiate between compiler and interpreter.

- h) What do you mean by primitive data type?
- i) What is a simple list?
- j) Define lambda calculus.

SECTION-B

Note: Attempt any five questions from this section.

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

- 2. What are the various mechanism for storage representation of structured data types? Also explain any two major storage management issues.
- 3. Describe implementation of simple sub programs.
- 4. What are the key features supported by object oriented programming languages? Explain with example.
- 5. Describe sequence control with various examples.
- 6. Write a recursive program to find the length of a list in LISP.
- 7. What is Lambda? Discuss briefly. Use β -reductions to simplify the following expression as much as possible ((lambda(x)(x(yx)))z).

(2)

SECTION-C

Note: Attempt any 2 questions from this section. $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

8. Give the complete translation structure of the following statement:

Result = start
$$*10 +$$
phase $*20$.

OR

Mention some multi-paradigm languages. How they are different from other languages? Explain the features and structures of multi-paradigm language.

9. Discuss about the fundamentals of functional programming languages.

